

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

## mycontrol **T2/HT2**

Sample preparation with  
(SPE)

*QuickClean* columns



## mycontrol T2/HT2

Analytical-kit for rapid and quantitative determination of T-2- and HT-2-Toxin (T2/HT2).

## Materials

mycontrol T2/HT2

### Package content

#### A) Materials for sample preparation:

ExtractionSolvent T2/HT2, Extraction solution  
ExtractionSalt T2/HT2 + spoon  
QuickClean T2/HT2, centrifuge columns  
mycontrol T2/HT2 Precipitation buffer  
(transparent cap)

Filter paper

Reaction tubes 2 mL

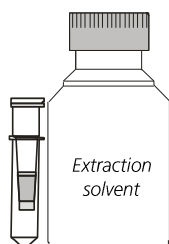


Figure 1: QuickClean column with reaction tube and Extraction solvent (1 L bottle)

#### B) Materials for analytical measurement:

ReactionBuffer, Reaction buffer  
mycontrol T2/HT2, Reagent 1 (yellow cap),  
F-T2/HT2, (for 5 analyses each)  
mycontrol T2/HT2, Reagent 2 (black cap),  
A-T2/HT2, (for 5 analyses each)

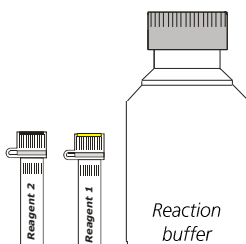


Figure 2: Reagent 1, F-T2/HT2 (yellow cap), Reagent 2, A-T2/HT2 (black cap) and Reaction buffer (1 L bottle)

#### C) Materials for internal quality control:

mycontrol T2/HT2, negative control T2/HT2  
(transparent), for zero value measurements  
mycontrol T2/HT2, Assay Additive (green cap),  
ADD-T2/HT2, (for 5 analyses each)  
mycontrol T2/HT2, Reagent 1 (yellow cap),  
F-T2/HT2, (for 5 analyses each)  
mycontrol T2/HT2, Reagent 2 (black cap),  
A-T2/HT2, (for 5 analyses each)

**Note:** All substances provided are precisely weighed and calibrated. Control of the volume and concentration of the individual solutions are essential for the precision of the analysis.

**Caution:** The extraction solvent may contain methanol. Work with professional care.

**Storage Conditions:** Reagents 1 and 2 must be stored at temperature of +4°C. All other components may be stored at room temperature.

**Quality Control:** All materials and reagents are prepared according to strict quality control protocols. Exchanging reagents between kits having different Lot-numbers will lead to erroneous results and is not permitted.

### Order Information:

aokinmycontrol T2/HT2

## Introduction

aokinmycontrol T2/HT2 is a rapid and precise quantitative method for analyzing of T-2 and HT-2-Toxin (T2/HT2). It has been specifically designed and calibrated for the analysis of wheat and includes a sample preparation with solid phase extraction (SPE) columns. Samples in the µg/kg range (ppb = parts per billion range) can be analysed for T-2 and HT-2-Toxin in 13 minutes.

aokinmycontrol T2/HT2 is available with a calibration, which has been validated for wheat. Please use professional care and check the accuracy by regularly analyzing reference materials (e.g. aokinReferenceMatrix Materials) and/or standards. Participation in proficiency tests is recommended. aokin will gladly assist you customising the test for your specific sample type and application. Please do not hesitate to contact us.

| Sample                               | wheat                     |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Time required for sample preparation | 10 minutes                |
| Time required for measurement        | 3 minutes                 |
| Analysis                             |                           |
|                                      | Measurement range [µg/kg] |
| Range 1                              | 70 – 420                  |
| Range 2                              | 140 – 840                 |
| Range 3                              | 280 – 1680                |

## T-2 and HT-2 Toxins

T-2 and HT-2 are mycotoxins. They naturally occur in molds by *Fusarium* sp. fungus. It is toxic to humans and animals. As a consequence, it is strongly recommended to monitor the content in grain and corn food and feed raw materials and products.

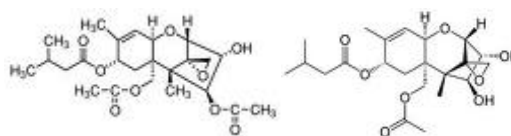


Figure 3: Chemical formula for T-2 Toxin (C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>34</sub>O<sub>9</sub>; molecular weight: 466,52 g/mol) and HT-2 Toxin (C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>32</sub>O<sub>9</sub>; molecular weight: 424,48 g/mol)

## Recommended Accessories

All required materials are available

extractor (food blender)

watchbox (timer for food blender)

Weighing scale, d = 0,01 g

Eppendorf centrifuge, variable g-force

Variable pipettes (1000 µl)

Pipette tips (1000 µl)

Funnel

Dispensette

ReferenceMatrixMaterial

## Sample preparation

The following protocol is an example. The quantification ranges are dependent on dilutions. Actual volume settings in the software may vary.

**Note:** It is of critical importance to use the correct sample preparation protocol for each determination. Use volumes displayed in the *aokin* software.

### 1. Sample collection, grinding and mixing

The analysis sample is collected, ground, and homogenised according to an approved procedure. Small samples may be ground using the *extractor*.

### 2. Weighing and extraction

Weigh 15 g of your sample, add one spoon (1,5 g) of *ExtractionSalt T2/HT2* and 30,4 g extraction solution (35 ml *ExtractionSolvent T2/HT2* at 20°C) directly into the extraction beaker (Figure 4). Preferentially the exact volume is applied using a dispenseette.



Figure 4: Weighing

Close the extraction beaker with the lid (with the blending knives). Blend for 3.5 minutes. The recommended protocol has blending times alternating with resting time to avoid heating of the sample and is as follows: mix for 30 seconds, pause for 1 minute, mix for 30 seconds and so on (until 3.5 minutes of blending time).

Use the *watchbox* (a preprogrammed timer) to conveniently and automatically complete this extraction protocol.



Figure 5: Extracting with the *extractor* (blender)

### 3. Filtration

Place the filter on a suitable funnel and the funnel onto a collection container. Open the extraction beaker and pour the contents over the filter and collect the filtrate. Discard the filter paper and filter cake. Shake/stir the filtrate to ensure homogeneity.



Figure 6: Filtration

### 4. Use of *QuickClean* column

Place an *QuickClean T2/HT2* column in a collection tube and add 400 µl of the filtrate (Figure 7). Place it in the centrifuge and spin for 3 minutes at 5.000 x g.

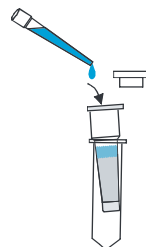


Figure 7: Pipetting of the extract onto the *aokinQuickCleanT2/HT2* column

### 5. Precipitation

Add 100 µl of column-filtrate into the *mycontrol T2/HT2* precipitation buffer (transparent cap). In case a precipitation is visible centrifuge with maximum g-force (> 10.000 x g) for 5 minutes.

Transfer 1 mL supernatant into a clean tube. Your sample is now ready for analysis.

### 6. Analyzing

Please follow detailed instructions for spectrometer use.

This includes:

- 1) Place **Reagents 1** and **2** into position A6 and B6 of the sample rack of your spectrometer.
- 2) Fill up the **Clean1** solution and place a clean 2 mL vial in position A1.
- 3) Place an empty waste bottle in the holder. Check presence of **Reaction buffer** and check if tubing is below the surface.
- 4) Place a new cuvette with a clean stirrer into the spectrometer.

### 7. Quality control

There are free materials included in the kit, for your internal quality control: **Reagent 1**, **Reagent 2**, as well as **negative control** solutions for measurements of zero values (corresponding to samples free of mycotoxin).

Please regularly carry zero value measurements to ensure the accuracy of your measurements.

If you should measure increased zero values, please contact

Conversion factor: analyte concentration in cuvette (nM) to amount in sample (µg/kg)

## mycontrol T2/HT2 Standard

### Step 1: Extraction

- Sample mass:  $m_{\text{Sample}} = 15 \text{ g}$
- Volume extraction solvent:  $V_{\text{Extraction solvent}} = 35 \text{ ml}$
- Molar mass T2:  $MW_{T2} = 466,52 \left[ \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}} \right]$

Mycotoxin concentration in the sample extract:

$$c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Extract}} = \frac{m_{\text{Sample}} [\text{kg}]}{V_{\text{Solvent}} [\text{l}] * MW_{\text{Mycotoxin}} \left[ \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}} \right]} * c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{g}}{\text{kg}} \right]_{\text{Sample}} = \frac{0.015}{0.035 * 466,52} * c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{g}}{\text{kg}} \right]_{\text{Sample}} = 0.00091866 * c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{g}}{\text{kg}} \right]_{\text{Sample}}$$

### Step 2: Purification

with QC T2/HT2

- Volume sample extract load to the QC column:  $V_{\text{loaded sample extract}} = 0,4 \text{ ml}$
- Volume eluate from the QC column:  $V_{\text{elute}} = 0,4 \text{ ml}$

Mycotoxin concentration in the column eluate:

$$c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Eluate}} = \frac{V_{\text{load}} [\text{ml}]}{V_{\text{elute}} [\text{ml}]} * c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Extract}} = \frac{0.4}{0.4} * c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Extract}} = 1 * c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Extract}}$$

### Step 3: Dilution

- Volume Eluate:  $V_{\text{eluate}} = 0,1 \text{ ml}$
- Total volume:  $V_{\text{total}} = 1 \text{ ml}$

$$c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Diluted}} = \frac{V_{\text{eluate}} [\text{ml}]}{V_{\text{total}} [\text{ml}]} * c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Extract}} = \frac{0.1}{1.0} * c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Extract}} = 0,1 * c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Extract}}$$

### Step 4: Measurement

- Sample volume:  $V_{\text{Column eluate}} = V_{\text{Sample}} = 400 \mu\text{l}$
- Total volume in the cuvette:  $V_{\text{Cuvette}} = 2600 \mu\text{l}$

Mycotoxin concentration in the cuvette:

$$c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Cuvette}} = \frac{V_{\text{Sample}} [\mu\text{l}]}{V_{\text{Cuvette}} [\mu\text{l}]} * c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Eluate}} = \frac{400}{2600} * c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Eluate}} = 0.154 * c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Eluate}}$$

### Conversion factor: Extraction, Purification and Measurement

It follows from 1 to 4 above the conversion factor

$$c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{mol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Cuvette}} = 0,00091866 * 1 * 0,1 * 0.154 * c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{g}}{\text{kg}} \right]_{\text{Sample}} = 0.00001415 * c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{g}}{\text{kg}} \right]_{\text{Sample}} \quad \text{or}$$

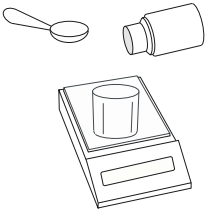
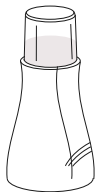

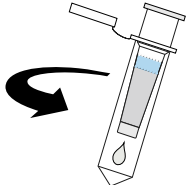
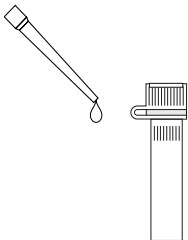
$$c \left[ \frac{\mu\text{g}}{\text{kg}} \right]_{\text{Sample}} = \frac{1}{0.01415} * c \left[ \frac{\text{nmol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Cuvette}} = 70.67 * c \left[ \frac{\text{nmol}}{\text{l}} \right]_{\text{Cuvette}}$$

## T2/HT2 Toxin / standard samples:

- Recommended for wheat

mycontrol **T2/HT2**  
**Standard**

### Procedure:

|               |   |  |
|---------------|---|--|
| Extraction    |    | <b>Weighing:</b><br><br>15 g sample<br>1,5 g <i>ExtractionSalt T2/HT2</i><br>35 mL <i>ExtractionSolvent T2/HT2</i>   |
|               |    | <b>Extraction:</b><br><br>3,5 min mixing with <i>watchbox</i>  |
|               |   | <b>Filtration:</b><br><br>collect filtrate (discard filter cake)   |
| Purification  |  | <b>SPE-Filtration:</b><br><br>400 µL filtrate on <i>QuickClean</i> column<br>3 min centrifuge at 5.000 x g   |
| Precipitation |  | <b>Precipitation:</b><br><br>100 µl column filtrate into <i>Precipitation buffer</i> (transparent cap)<br>5 min centrifuge at > 10.000 x g<br>transfer supernatant into clean 2 mL reaction tube |